

JNI

25^{es} Journées
Nationales
d'Infectiologie

DEAUVILLE
et la région Normandie

du mercredi 12 au vendredi 14 juin 2024



Les antifongiques systémiques: le nouvel arsenal thérapeutique

Prof. Jean-Pierre GANGNEUX

Parasitologie-Mycologie

CHU et Faculté de Médecine de Rennes

Inserm U1085 – IRSET, Rennes France

Centre d'Excellence Européen en Mycologie Médicale



Centre National de Référence Mycoses invasives et Antifongiques /
Laboratoire associé sur les Aspergilloses chroniques LA AspC



Déclaration d'intérêt de 2014 à 2023

- Intérêts financiers : non
- Liens durables ou permanents : non
- Interventions ponctuelles : Gilead, MSD, MundiPharma, Pfizer, Shionogi
- Intérêts indirects : non

Les cibles d'action des antifongiques (infections invasives)

4 classes d'antifongiques

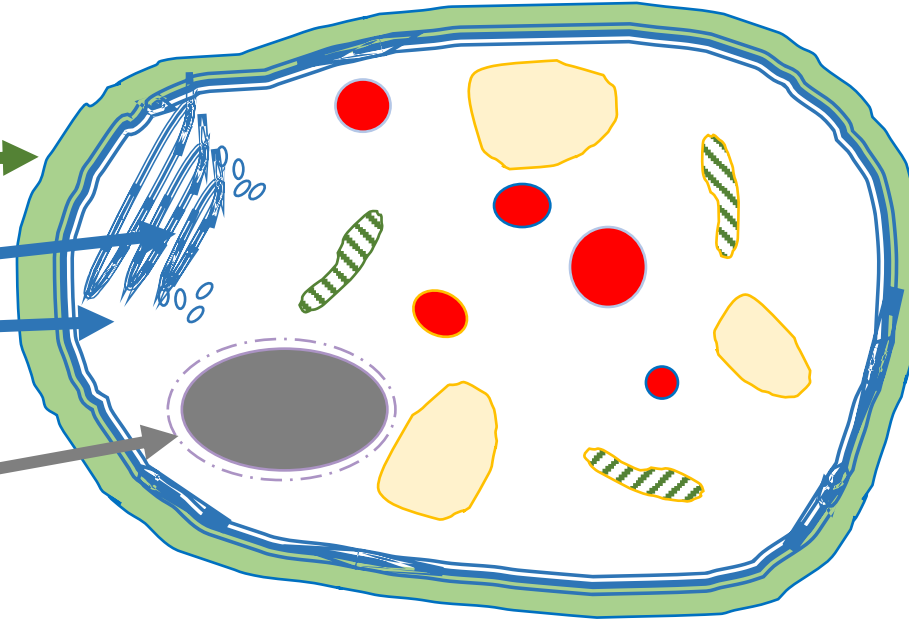
1. Echinocandines

2. Azolés

3. Polyènes

4. Analogue de pyrimidine
/Flucytosine

(Allylamines)



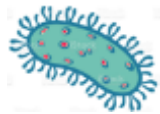
Paroi fongique
(β -1-3 glucane synthase)

Synthèse de l'ergostérol
(C14 α déméthylase)

Fixation à l'ergostérol

Biosynthèse des acides nucléiques

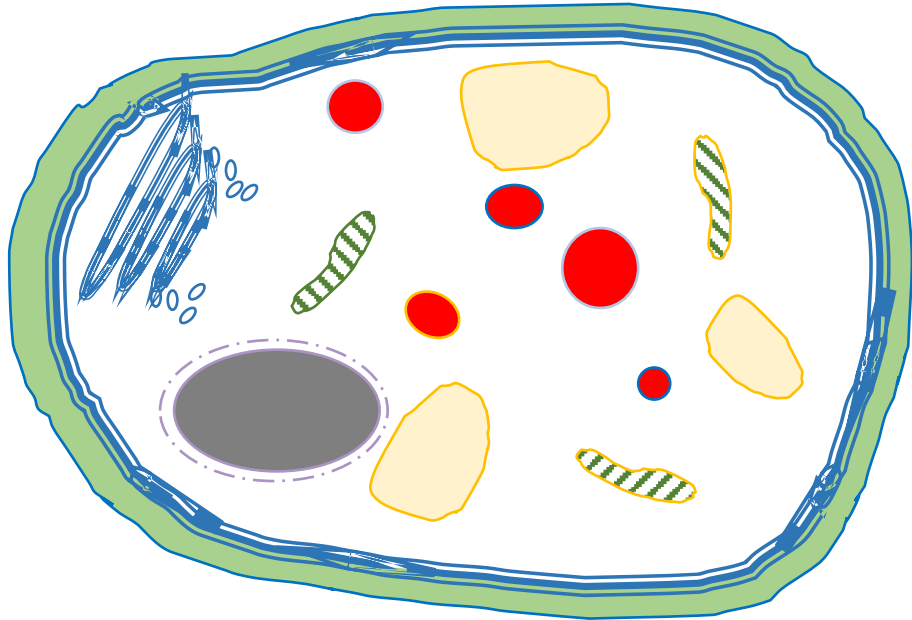
6 classes d'antibiotiques



9 classes d'antiviraux



Les cibles d'action des antifongiques (infections invasives)



Paroi fongique
(β -1-3 glucane synthase)

Synthèse de l'ergostérol
(C14 α déméthylase)

Fixation à l'ergostérol

Biosynthèse des acides nucléiques

Résistance

FKS1, FKS2, FKS3

CYP51A / ERG11

+/- (*ERG11, ERG6, ERG3, ERG2*)

FCA1, FUR1, FCY21, and FCY22

Toxicité

hépatique

hépatique

rénale

hématologique

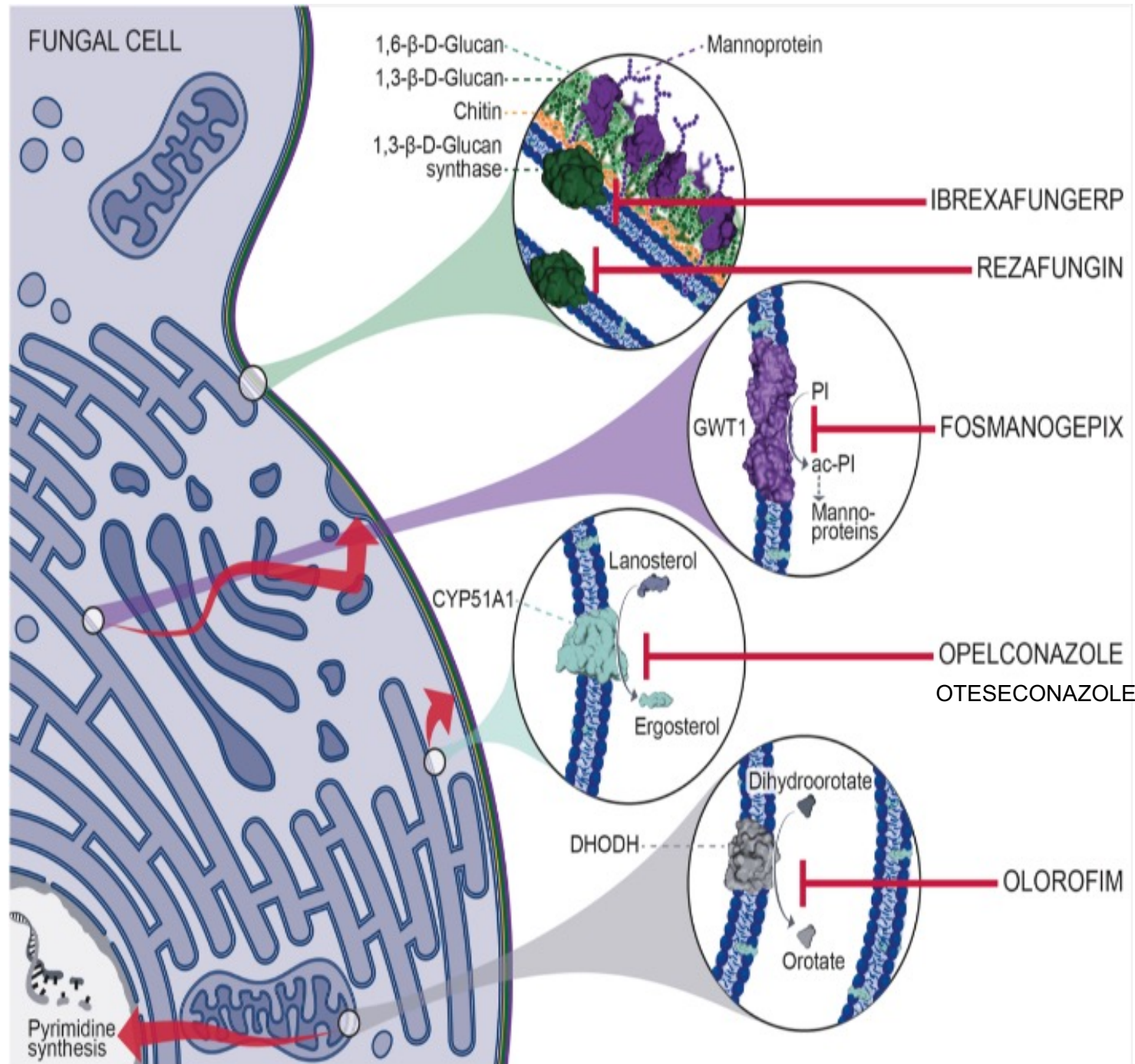
Résistance

Toxicité

Impasse
thérapeutique?

Interactions
médicamenteuses

Nouveaux antifongiques



Triterpenoïde = inhibition de la βDGlucane synthase: levures++

Rezafungine = nouvelle échinocandine

Gepix = inhibition synthèse des mannoprotéines de la paroi: filamenteux, levures et mycoses endémiques

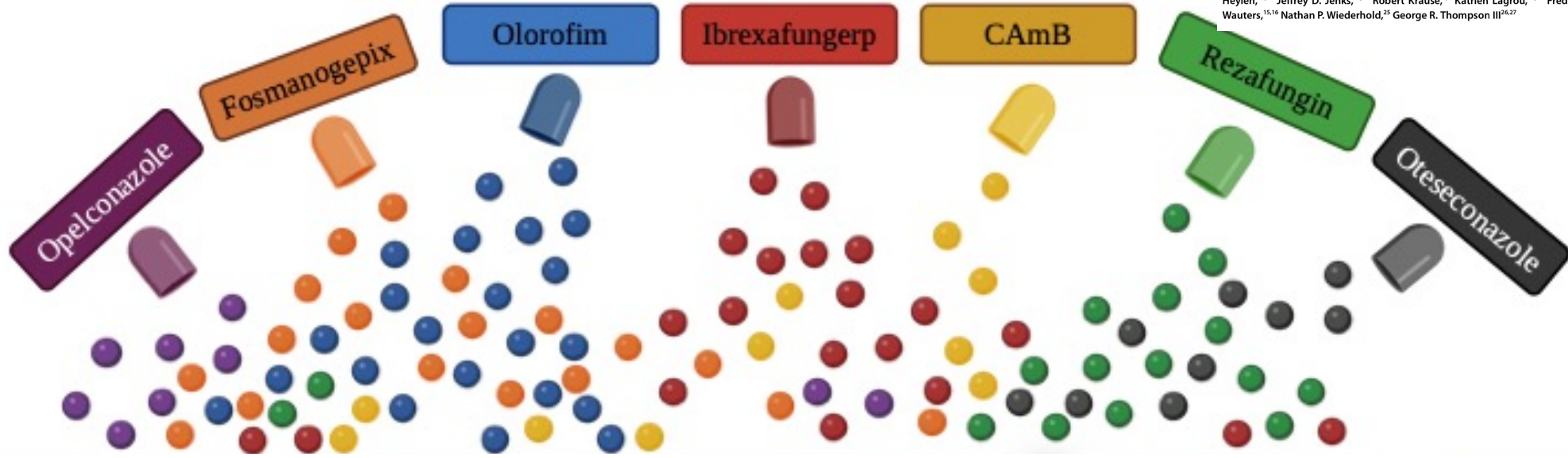
Opelconazole: Aspergillose
Oteseconazole: Candidose

Orotomide = inhibiteur de la dihydroorotate deshydrogénase: filamenteux

Adapté de Hoenigl et al., Drugs 2021

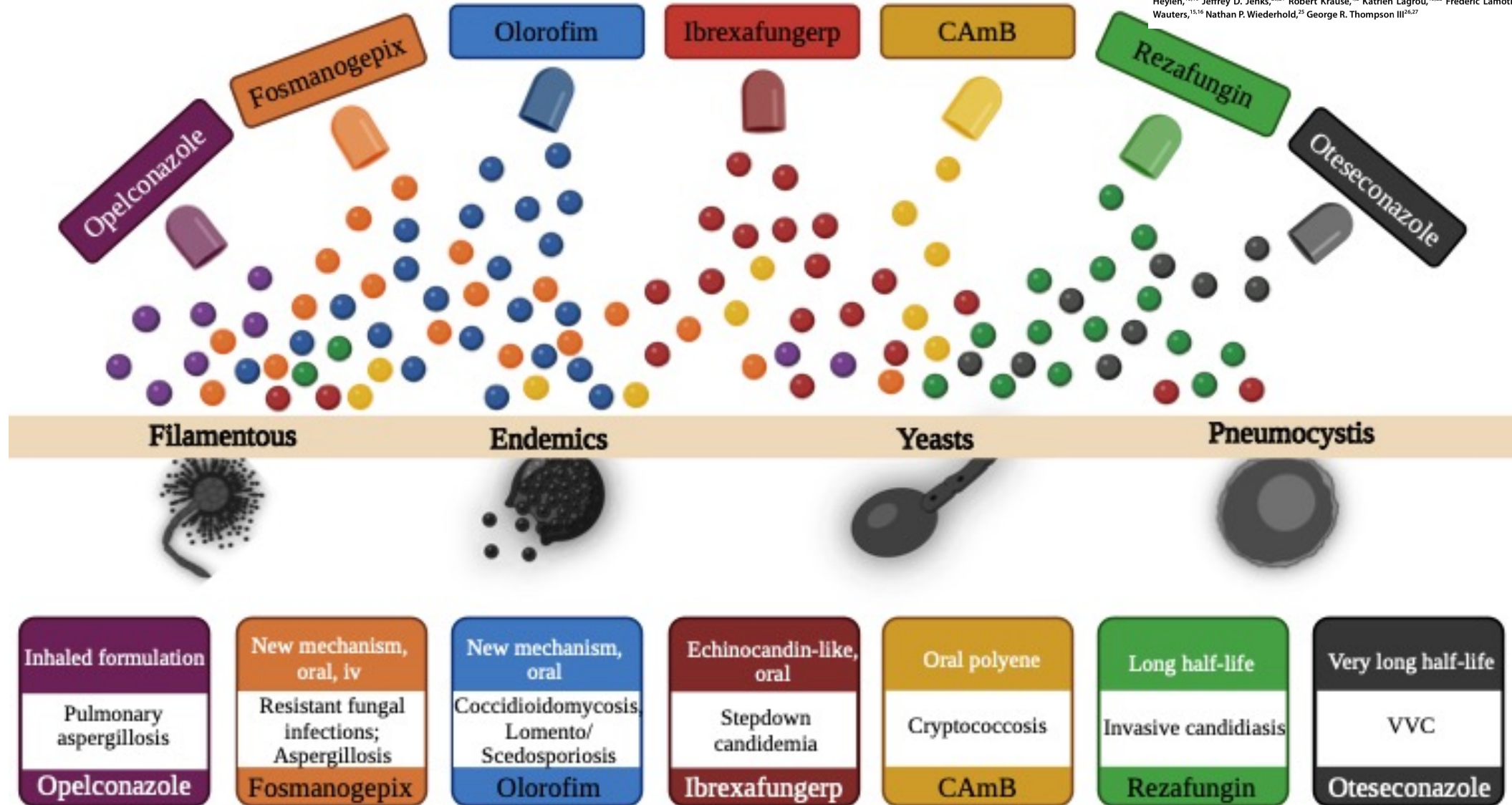
Novel antifungals and treatment approaches to tackle resistance and improve outcomes of invasive fungal disease

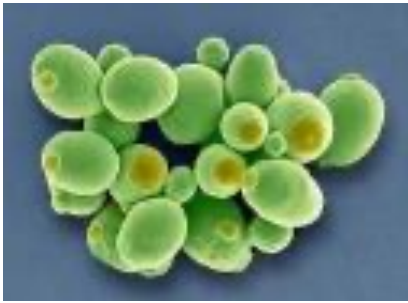
Martin Hoenigl,^{1,2} Amir Arastehfar,^{3,4} Maiken Cavling Arendrup,^{5,6,7} Roger Brüggemann,^{8,9} Agostinho Carvalho,^{10,11} Tom Chiller,¹² Sharon Chen,^{13,14} Matthias Egger,¹ Simon Feys,^{15,16} Jean-Pierre Gangneux,^{17,18} Jeremy A. W. Gold,¹² Andreas H. Groll,¹⁹ Jannes Heylen,^{15,16} Jeffrey D. Jenks,^{20,21} Robert Krause,^{1,2} Katrien Lagrou,^{15,22} Frédéric Lamoth,^{23,24} Juergen Prattes,^{1,2} Sarah Sedik,¹ Joost Wauters,^{15,16} Nathan P. Wiederhold,²⁵ George R. Thompson III^{26,27}



Novel antifungals and treatment approaches to tackle resistance and improve outcomes of invasive fungal disease

Martin Hoenigl,^{1,2} Amir Arastehfar,^{3,4} Maiken Cavling Arendrup,^{5,6,7} Roger Brüggemann,^{8,9} Agostinho Carvalho,^{10,11} Tom Chiller,¹² Sharon Chen,^{13,14} Matthias Egger,¹ Simon Feys,^{15,16} Jean-Pierre Gangneux,^{17,18} Jeremy A. W. Gold,¹² Andreas H. Groll,¹⁹ Jannes Heylen,^{15,16} Jeffrey D. Jenks,^{20,21} Robert Krause,^{1,2} Katrien Lagrou,^{15,22} Frédéric Lamothe,^{23,24} Juergen Prattes,^{1,2} Sarah Sedik,¹ Joost Wauters,^{15,16} Nathan P. Wiederhold,²⁵ George R. Thompson III^{26,27}





Ibrexafungerp

- ✓ *Candida* dont *C. auris*
- ✓ *C. FKS R*

Rezafungine

- ✓ *Candida* dont *C. auris*

Fosmanogepix

- ✓ *Candida* dont *C. auris*
- ✓ *C. FKS R*
- ~~*C. krusei*~~

Candidoses

Autres germes sensibles



✓ ARAf

Alternaria, Cladosporium, Pneumocystis,
Mycoses endémiques



✓ ARAf

Pneumocystis



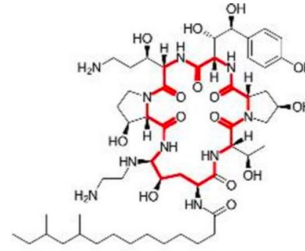
✓ ARAf

Fusarium, Scedo-Lomentospora, Rasamsonia, Cladosporium, Paecilomyces, Scopulariopsis, Cryptococcus, Trichosporon, Exophiala, Malassezia,
Mycoses endémiques

Ibrexafungerp

Voie orale
IV

Caspofungine



Ibrexafungerp

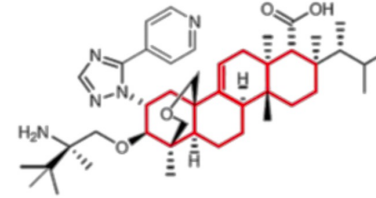
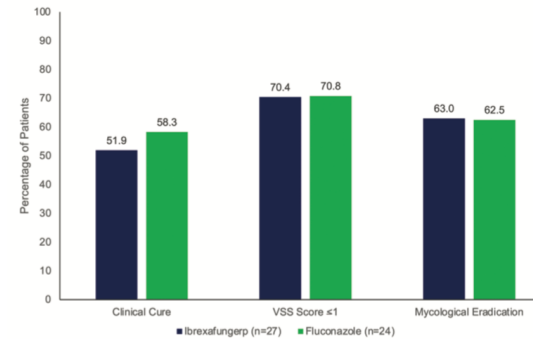


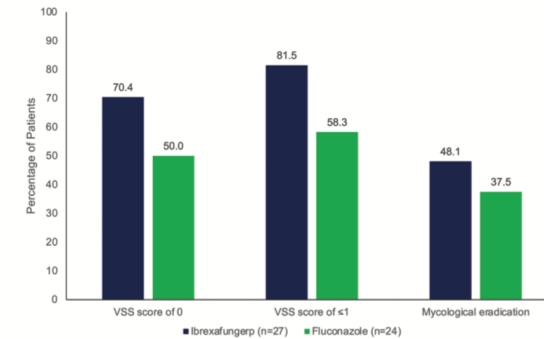
Figure 2. Molecular structures of caspofungin (left) and ibrexafungerp (right). Red structures indicate core structural components.

- ✓ 1^{er} d'une nouvelle classe : les triterpénoïdes qui inhibent la synthèse de la β DGlucane synthase
- ✓ Indication dans la candidose vulvo-vaginale aigue et/ou récidivante en 1 prise (FDA USA, 2021)

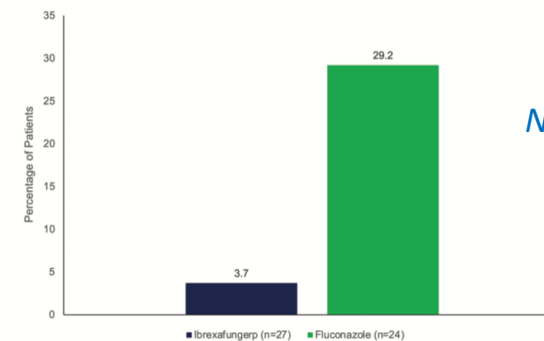
A) Efficacy Outcomes at TOC (day 10)



B) Efficacy Outcomes at Follow-up Visit (day 25)



C) Patients Who Required Antifungal Rescue Medications



Nyirjesy et al., CID 2022

- ✓ Phase III CARES : candidoses invasives à *C. auris*
- ✓ Phase II SCYNERGIA : IBX + Vori versus Vori dans l'aspergillose invasive
- ✓ Phase II FURY : IFI réfractaire aux autres ATF

Angulo et al., JoF 2022

Rezafungine

Longue demi-vie
1 dose IV/semaine

- ✓ Echinocandine de longue demi-vie (env. 150h après 2 injections)
- ✓ Phase III RESTORE : Candidoses invasives confirmées de l'adulte

Rezafungin versus caspofungin for treatment of candidaemia and invasive candidiasis (ReSTORE): a multicentre, double-blind, double-dummy, randomised phase 3 trial

Lancet 2023; 401: 49-59

George R Thompson III, Alex Soriano, Oliver A Cornely, Bart Jan Kullberg, Marin Kollef, Jose Vazquez, Patrick M Honore, Matteo Bassetti, John Pullman, Metheh Chayakulkeeree, Ivan Poromanski, Cecilia Dignani, Anita F Das, Taylor Sandison, Peter G Pappas, on behalf of the ReSTORE trial investigators

Rezafungine (n=93)
Caspofungine (n=94)

1 IV – 400mg, semaine 1
Puis IV – 200 mg hebdomadaire
1 IV – 70mg, Jour 1
Puis IV – 50 mg quotidienne
Déescalade optionnelle fluconazole oral

Traitement: 14 à 28 jours

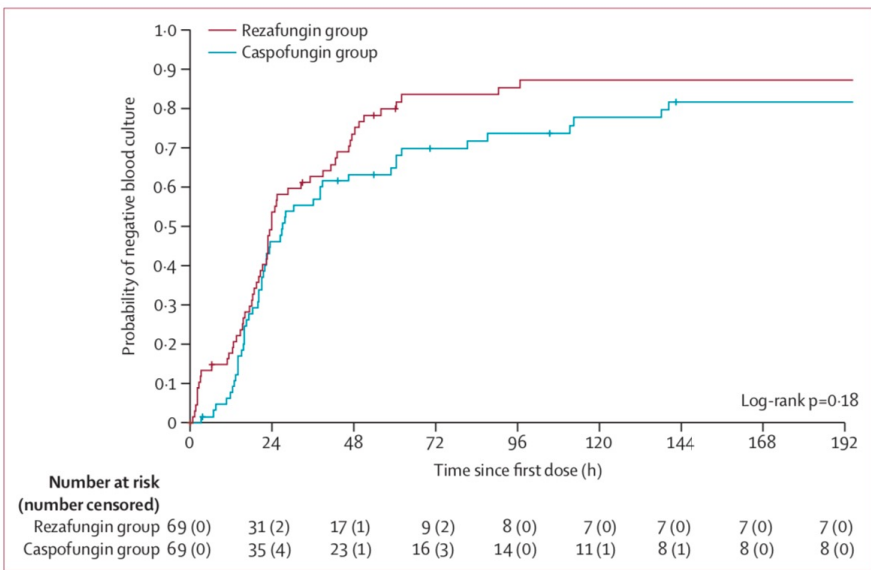


Figure 2: Time to negative blood culture after treatment with rezafungin versus caspofungin in the modified intention-to-treat population

	Rezafungin group (n=93)	Caspofungin group (n=94)	Treatment difference (95% CI)*
Patients with negative blood culture†			
24 h	36/67 (54%)	30/65 (46%)	..
48 h	49/66 (74%)	41/64 (64%)	..
Outcomes at the day 14 visit			
Global cure as assessed by DRCS	55 (59%)	57 (61%)	-1.1 (-14.9 to 12.7)¶
Mycological eradication	63 (68%)	62 (66%)	1.8 (-11.7 to 15.2)
Patients with candidaemia only	46/64 (72%)	47/67 (70%)	1.7 (-13.9 to 17.2)
Investigator assessment of clinical cure	62 (67%)	63 (67%)	-0.4 (-13.8 to 13.1)

- ✓ Phase III RESPECT : prophylaxie des IFI chez transplantés de cellules souches

Fosmanogepix

Voie orale
IV

✓ 1^{er} d'une nouvelle classe : inhibiteurs de la synthèse des mannoprotéines (Gwt1 inhibitor)

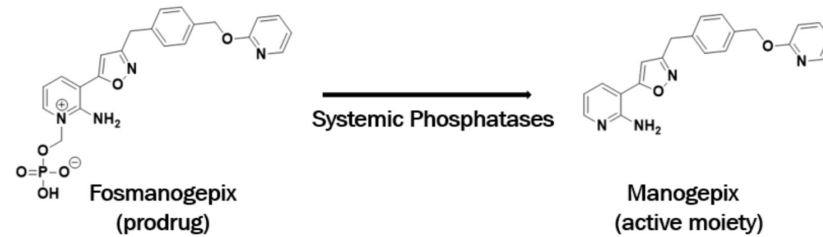
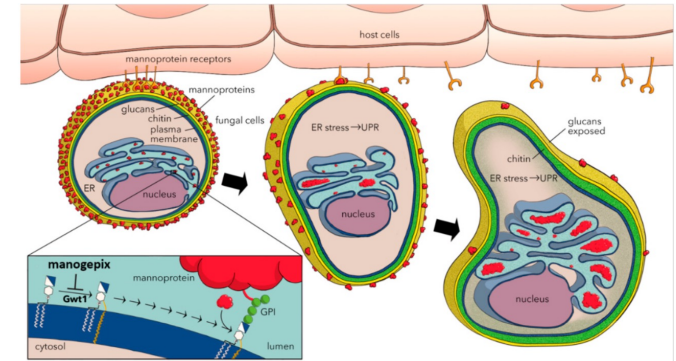


Figure 1. The structures of fosmanogepix and manogepix.



Seiler & Ostrosky-Zeichner, *Curr Fung Infect Rep* 2022

- ✓ Phase II: Candidose invasive
- ✓ Phase II: Candidose invasive à *C. auris*

Clinical Efficacy and Safety of a Novel Antifungal, Fosmanogepix, in Patients with Candidemia Caused by *Candida auris*: Results from a Phase 2 Trial

Jose A. Vazquez,^a Peter G. Pappas,^b Kenneth Boffard,^c Fathima Paruk,^d Paul A. Bien,^e Margaret Tawadrous,^f Eric Ople,^g Pamela Wedel,^h Iwona Oborska,^g Michael R. Hodges^e

AAC 2023

Mycological outcome	Total (N = 9)	no. of Participants by Treatment Outcome	DRC assessed treatment outcome
EOST			
Eradication	6	6	Treatment Success
Indeterminate	2	1: no EOST culture taken	Treatment Success
Recurrence	1 ^a	1: death on Day 11	Treatment Failure
Recurrence	1 ^a	1 ^a	EOST Treatment Success, followed by early relapse
Follow-up period (2 and 4 wks after EOST combined)			
Eradication	7	1 ^a	Recurrence at EOST, subsequently eradication (early relapse)
Indeterminate	2	6	Treatment Success sustained
Recurrence	0	1 death on Day 11	Treatment Failure at EOST
		1 death on Day 36	Treatment Success at EOST, not sustained through follow-up

^aPatient with investigator-assessed mycological recurrence at EOST visit was assessed as treatment success followed by early relapse by DRC, because the single *C. auris* in blood culture was sampled 2 days after stopping study drug, *de facto* in the early follow-up period. All subsequent blood cultures were negative and assessed as eradication by the investigator. EOST, end of study treatment.

✓ Phase II: IFI à moisissures



Aspergilloses

Opelconazole

✓ *Aspergillus* sp.

~~ARAF~~

Olorofim

✓ ARAf

Fosmanogepix

✓ ARAf

Rezafungine

✓ ARAf

ARAF : Azole-Resistant
Aspergillus fumigatus



Aspergilloses et autres filamenteux

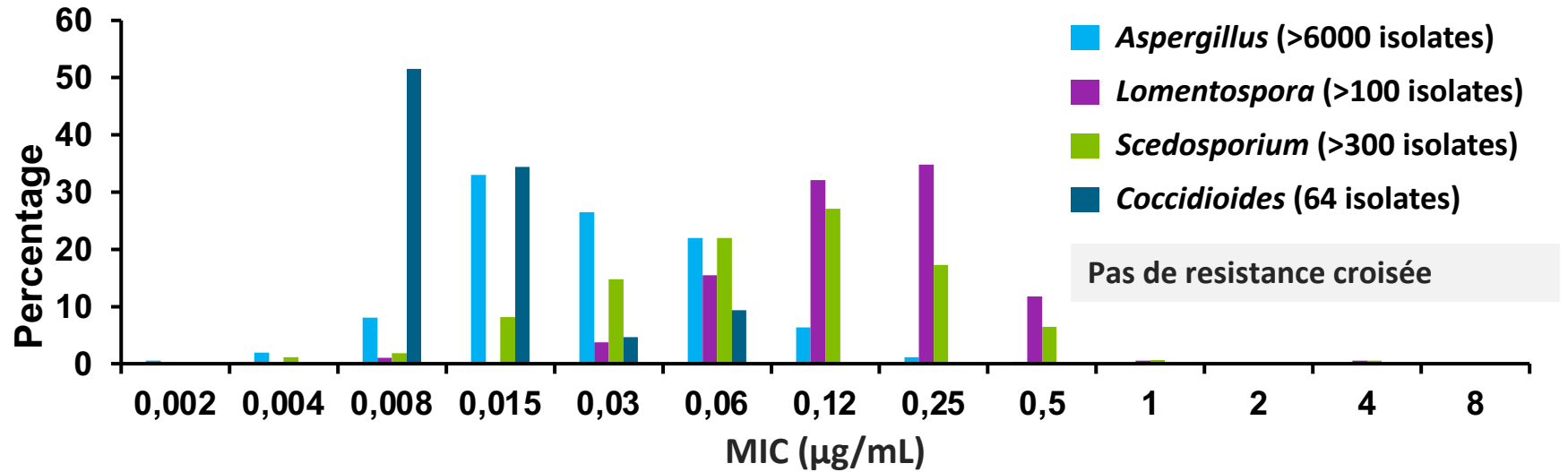
Nouveaux antifongiques

Opelconazole

- ✓ **Nébulisation**
- ✓ Essai en cours en association avec ATF systémique dans l'aspergillose invasive

Olorofim

- ✓ Nouvelle classe des orotomides : inhibiteur de la dihydroorotate deshydrogénase
- ✓ **Voie orale**
- ✓ Phase III en cours : Olorofim versus AmB liposomale dans les IFI réfractaires
- ✓ Phase IIb en cours: sauvetage d'IFIF



Fosmanogepix

- ✓ Phase II: IFI à moisissures



Mycology | Invited Review

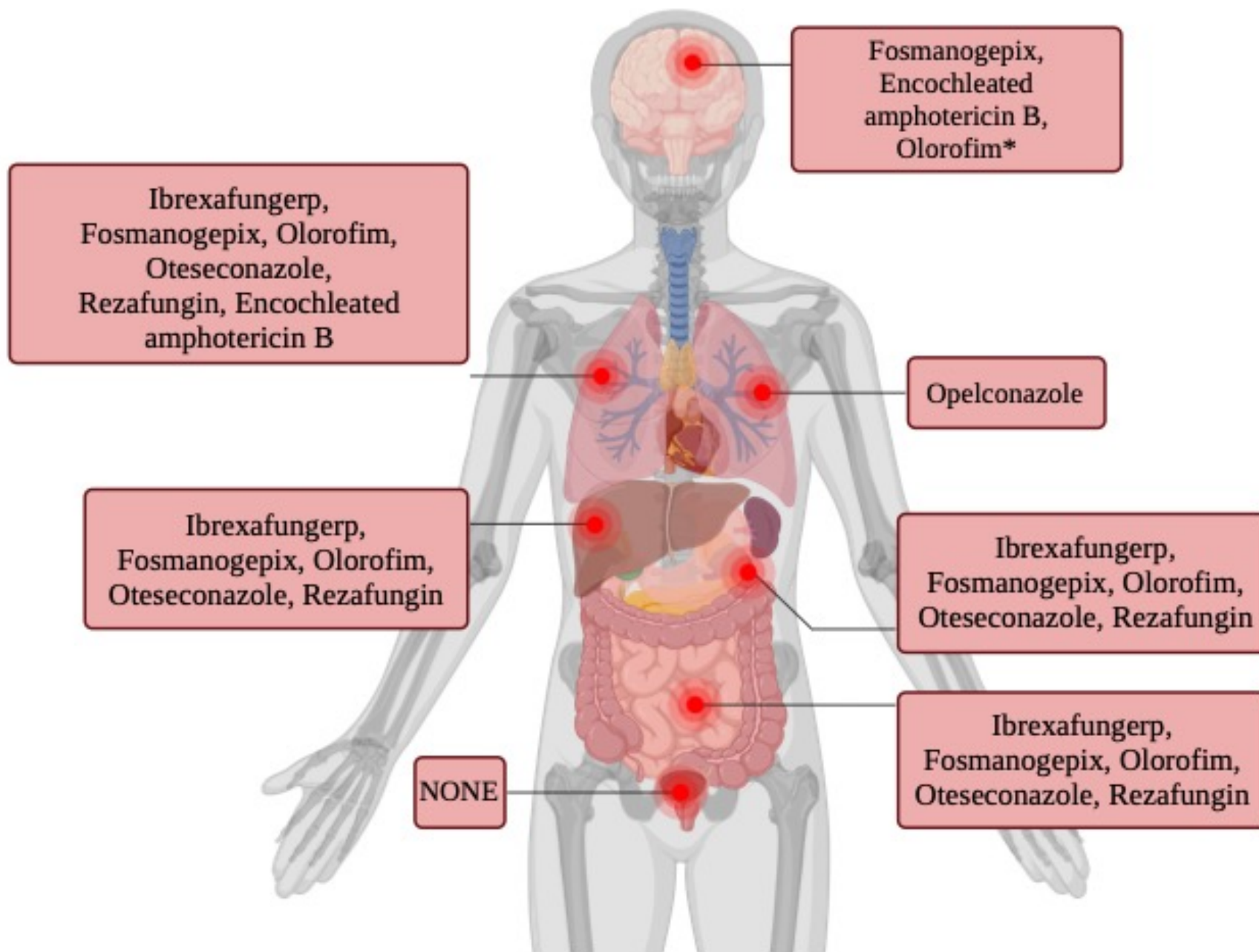
Novel antifungals and treatment approaches to tackle resistance and improve outcomes of invasive fungal disease

Martin Hoenigl,^{1,2} Amir Arastehfar,^{3,4} Maiken Cavling Arendrup,^{5,6,7} Roger Brüggemann,^{8,9} Agostinho Carvalho,^{10,11} Tom Chiller,¹² Sharon Chen,^{13,14} Matthias Egger,¹ Simon Feys,^{15,16} Jean-Pierre Gangneux,^{17,18} Jeremy A. W. Gold,¹² Andreas H. Groll,¹⁹ Jannes Heylen,^{15,16} Jeffrey D. Jenks,^{20,21} Robert Krause,^{1,2} Katrien Lagrou,^{15,22} Frédéric Lamoth,^{23,24} Juergen Prattes,^{1,2} Sarah Sedik,¹ Joost Wauters,^{15,16} Nathan P. Wiederhold,²⁵ George R. Thompson III^{26,27}

Substance	Latest study phase	FDA approval	EMA approval
Rezafungin	III Primary Tx for IC	✓ For Invasive Candidiasis	✓ For Invasive Candidiasis
Ibrexafungerp	III Stepdown Tx Candidemia	✓ For VVC	✗ Pending
CAmB	II	✗ Pending	✗ Pending
Oteseconazole	III Refractory VVC	✓ For VVC	✗ Pending
Olorofim	III (Salvage) Tx IA (OASIS)	✗ Pending	✗ Pending
Fosmanogepix	II	✗ Pending	✗ Pending
Inhaled formulations			
Opelconazole	III Refractory IPA	✗ Pending	✗ Pending
TFF Voriconazole	II	✗ Pending	✗ Pending

Clinical trials timeline and approval status for novel antifungals.

Diffusion tissulaire



Encore en développement...

Tétrazoles

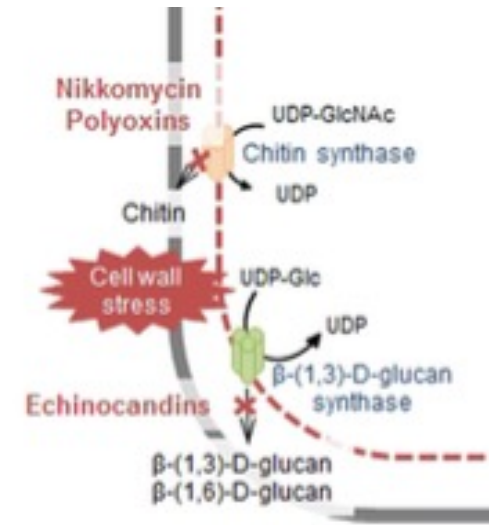
- ✓ Otéséconazole : candidose vulvovaginale, dermatophytose
- ✓ Quilséconazole : cryptococcose neuroméningée

Amphotéricine B enocochlée

- ✓ Voie orale
- ✓ Nanocristaux lipidiques => phagocytés par les macrophages
- ✓ Large spectre mais évaluée surtout dans les candidoses et cryptococcoses
- ✓ Faible toxicité rénale

Nikkomycin Z

- ✓ Premier d'une nouvelle classe d'inhibiteurs de la **chitine synthétase**
- ✓ Activité pré-clinique sur *Candida*, *Coccidioides* sp. et autres mycoses endémiques



Gintjee et al., JoF 2020

Campoy & Adrio, Biochem Pharmacol 2017

Encore en développement...

Arylamidine

- ✓ Inhibition des fonctions mitochondriales
- ✓ *Candida, Aspergillus* et autres moisissures
- ✓ Proche de la pentamidine

HDAC Inhibitor

- ✓ Inhibition de la « Fungal histone deacetylase » (HDAC)
- ✓ En combinaison avec un autre ATF
- ✓ *Candida et Aspergillus*

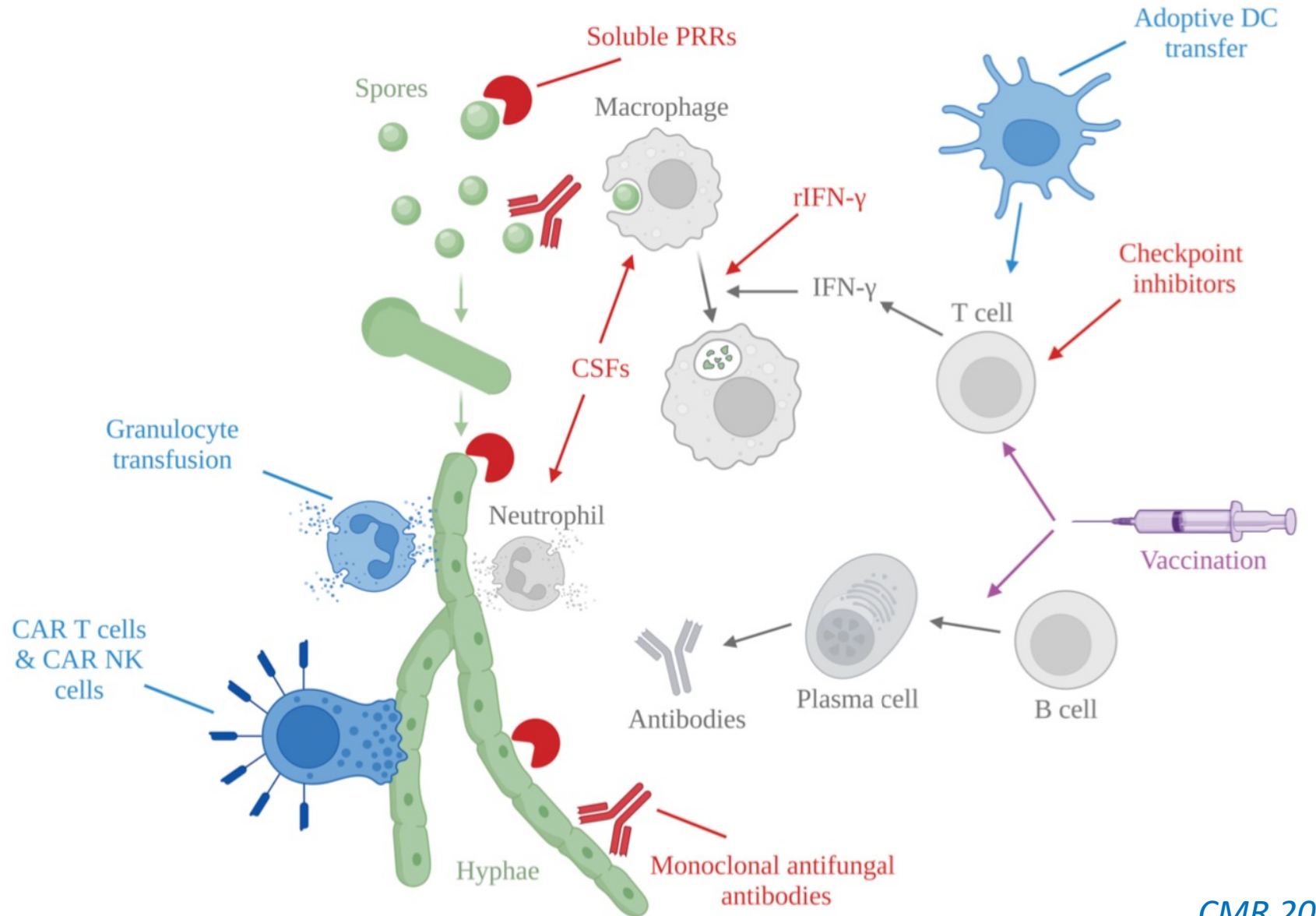
Autres pistes ?

Immunothérapie

Cellular immunotherapy

Molecule-based immunotherapy

Vaccination





Centre d'Excellence Européen en Mycologie Médicale



Centre National de Référence Mycoses invasives et Antifongiques
Laboratoire associé sur les Aspergilloses chroniques LA AspC

